N° 22,647



## A.D. 1912

#### PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION.

No. 22,647, A.D. 1912.

# An Improved Flower Pot or similar Vessel.

I. Eliza Hall. Widow, of The Hollies. Coombe Lane. Cottenham Park. Wimbledon, Surrey, do hereby declare the nature of this invention to be as follows:—

My improved flower pot or similar vessel is formed or provided with a jacker 5 at the bottom or side to constitute a water space, the water passing thereinto through a pipe or passage communicating from the top of the pot or vessel through the side or wall thereof into the said jacket or space. The interior of the pot may be perforated, or the porous nature of same will permit the moisture to penetrate to the roots of the flower or plant.

Dated the 4th day of October, 1912.

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ELIZA HALL.

#### PROVISIONAL SPECIFICATION.

No. 23,766, A.D. 1912.

## An Improved Flower Pot or similar Vessel.

15 I. Eliza Hall, Widow, of The Hollies, Coombe Lane, Cottenham Park, Wimbledon, London, S.W., do hereby declare the nature of this invention to be as follows:—

My invention relates to pots or vessels for growing plants and has connection with the invention in my prior Application for Patent No. 22.647, dated th October 1912.

The primary object of my invention is to produce a flower or plant pot such that a reserve reservoir or supply of water is contained within the pot or vessel in such a way that the moisture is attracted and conveyed to the roots of the

plant so as to materially increase and nourish the growth.

The pot or vessel may be of the usual tapering variety. At a suitable distance from the bottom I form same with an interiorly projecting flange, lip or lugs. A plate, disc or false bottom rests upon the flange or lugs aforesaid so that a water space or reservoir between it and the bottom of the pot is provided communicating with the exterior of the pot by a pipe or channel in or adjacent to the body of the pot in conjunction with a suitable opening or openings for

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the pot and such notch from above to below the false bottom. The invention also differs from the second mentioned arrangement specified above in that the false bottom or plate is loose and rests upon flanges or projections, said piate or bottom being concave on its upper surface whilst the notch in said tate and bottom serves to align with the filling hole or channel in the pot, and also that air holes open to the atmosphere are formed in the pot.

Practical ways of carrying out the invention are illustrated by the accom-

panying sheet of drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a vertical section;

Figure 2 is a perspective view of a plate, disc or false bottom:

10 Figure 3 a vertical section of a modified form of Figure 1. The post or vessel a may be of the usual tapering variety. At a suitable Stance from the bottom b I form same with an interiorly projecting flange, the or large. A plate, disc or false bottom d (shown separate in Figure 2) 15 tests upon the flange, lip or lugs c atoresaid so that a water space or reservoir e solween is and the bottom of the pot is provided communicating with the exterior or mouth of the por by a pipe or channel f-Figure 1-in or adjacent to the body of the pot in conjunction with a suitable opening or openings gtor filling purposes. Apertures h are formed in the wall of the pot to admit air. In the arrangement shown in Figure 3, the channel f is dispensed with, ssening the cost of production, and the reservoir c filled by pouring water. teterably by means of a can spout i through an opening j formed at or abour the level of the top of the false bottom d, which bottom d is formed with a worch k for the passage of the can spout or water, said notch k in the false

25 Lattom serving in Figure 1 to pass over the channel f. The plate, disc or false bottom d on and above which the mould and roots er the plant are carried is concave on its upper surface and is of such a porous pature that by means of a leg or suitable medium m (forming part of or sparate from the talse bottom d) depending therefrom and which may or may 3) hot rest upon the inside of the bottom of the pot the water is absorbed and induced upwards thereby from the reservoir so as to nourish the plant. The

exterior or interior of the lower portion of the pot may be glazed or otherwise treated to prevent evaporation and conserve the moisture.

It forms a special feature of my invention that the false bottom d with its Lepending log m or equivalent means for attracting up the moisture to the plant is of a more perous nature than the material of which the pot is made and that the porosity of this false bottom and its attracting medium will vary in proportion to the character of the plant for which the pot is intended; for instance, if the plant is one that requires much moisture then the false bottom 40 will be exceedingly porous, and if the plant requires less moisture then the porosity of the false bottom will be correspondingly decreased.

Having now particularly described and ascertained the nature of my said invention and in what manner the same is to be performed, I declare that what I claim is:—

1. In flower pots and similar vessels of the type set forth, a concaved upper urface to the false bottom or plate thereof, a notched edge to said plate or talse bottom to permit the filling of the reservoir formed underneath the plate or talse bottom and air holes open to the atmosphere in said pot located just above said plate or false bottom substantially as herein described.

2. In flower pois as claimed in Claim 1, a channel extending from the mouth at the pot in the wall thereof, to below the plate or false bottom and passing through the notch of the talse bottom or plate, substantially as herein described.

3. The flower pot constructed substantially as shown in Figures 1 and 2 of the accompanying drawings.

4. In flower pots as claimed in Claim 1, a notch to said plate or false bottom

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, to align with a hole in the pot above the false bottom for filling precises, substantially as herein described.

5. The flower pot constructed substantially as shown in Figures 2 and 3 of

the accompanying drawings.

6. Flower pots constructed in accordance with any of the preceding claims 5 characterised in that the plate or false bottom and its leg are formed of a material more porous than that of which the pot is made, the porosity of said plate or false bottom being varied to suit the character of the plants, substantially as herein described.

Dated this 17th day of March, 1913.

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KINGS PATENT AGENCY LTD.. By BENJ. T. KING, Director, Chartered Patent Agent, 165, Queen Victoria Street, London, E.C., 15 Agents for Applicant.

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